

#### Material Name: Isobutylene

	* * *Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION* * *
GHS product identifier Chemical name	Isobutylene 2-methylpropene
Other means of identification Product use Synonym	<ol> <li>Propene, 2-methyl-; Isobutene; Isobutylene; 1-Propene, 2-methyl- (isobutene)</li> <li>Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.</li> <li>1-Propene, 2-methyl-; Isobutene; Isobutylene; 1-Propene, 2-methyl- (isobutene)</li> </ol>
Supplier's details	Electronic Fluorocarbons 3266 Bergey Road Hatfield PA 19440
24-hour telephone Outside the US	1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500 (Call collect)
	* * *Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION* * *
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Extremely flammable gas.
	May form explosive mixtures with air. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause frostbite. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Precautionary statements	
General	Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## \* \* \*Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS\* \* \*

Substance/mixture	Substance
Chemical name	2-methylpropene
Other means of identification	1-Propene, 2-methyl-; Isobutene; Isobutylene; 1-Propene, 2-methyl- (isobutene)

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 115-11-7	
Product code	: 001031	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isobutylene	100	115-11-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# \* \* \*Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES\* \* \*

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effectsEye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.FrostbiteTry to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.IngestionAs this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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## **Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

* * *Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES* * *	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	* * *Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES* *

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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For non-emergency personnel	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# \* \* \*Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE\* \* \*

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).
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# \* \* \*Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION\* \* \*

# **Control parameters**

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isobutylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	

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Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.		
* * *Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES* * *			

#### Appearance

Appearance	
Physical state	Gas. [Liquefied compressed gas.]
Color	Colorless.
Molecular weight Molecular	56.12 g/mole
formula Boiling/	C4-H8
condensation point	-6.9°C (19.6°F)
Melting/freezing point	-140.7°C (-221.3°F)
Critical temperature	144.75°C (292.6°F)
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: -76.1°C (-105°F)
Burning time	Not applicable
Burning rate	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials.
Lower and upper explosive	Lower: 1.8%
(flammable) limits	Upper: 9.6%
Vapor pressure	24.3 (psig)
Vapor density	1.94 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> /lb)	
Gas Density (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	
Relative density Solubility	
Solubility in water Partition	
coefficient: n-octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	
Decomposition temperature	465°C (869°F)
SADT	Not available.
	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
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* * *Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY* * *				
Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
Incompatible materials	Oxidizers			
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.			

# \* \* \*Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION\* \* \*

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity         Product/ingredient name       Result       Species       Dose       Exposure					
Isobutylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	550000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours	

# Not available.

<u>Sensitization</u>

Not available.

## Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposurePotential immediateNoteffects	available
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

## Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# \* \* \*Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION\* \* \*

#### Toxicity

Not available.

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Isobutylene	2.34	-	low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	Not available.
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# \* \* \*Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS\* \* \*

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

* * *Section 14 - Transport Information* * *					
	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1055	UN1055	UN1055	UN1055	UN1055
UN proper shipping name	ISOBUTYLENE	ISOBUTYLENE	ISOBUTYLENE	ISOBUTYLENE	ISOBUTYLENE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg <u>Special provisions</u> 19, T50	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden Special provisions 29	-	-	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 0 Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Transport in bulk according Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code \* \* \*Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION\* \* \* **U.S. Federal regulations** TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted. **Clean Air Act Section 112** Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isobutylene : (b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** Not listed **Clean Air Act Section** 602 Class I Substances Not listed **Clean Air Act Section** 602 Class II Substances Not listed **DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed **DEA List II Chemicals** Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304 **Composition/information on ingredients** No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ SARA : Not applicable. 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

	Name		Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Ī	Isobutylene	100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	This material is listed.				
New York New	This material is not listed.				
Jersey	This material is listed.				
Pennsylvania	This material is listed.				
International regulations International lists					
National inventory					
Australia	This material is listed or exempted.				
Canada	This material is listed or exempted.				
China	This material is listed or exempted.				
Europe	This material is listed or exempted.				
Japan	This material is listed or exempted.				
Malaysia	Not determined.				

This material is listed or exempted.			
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This material is listed or exempted.			
This material is listed or exempted.			
Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.			
<ul> <li>CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.</li> <li>Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.</li> </ul>			

# Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas.
	Class B-1: Flammable gas.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 2

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

## Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU -Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CN - China; CPR -Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR -New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RID -European Rail Transport; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US -United States

## **Other Information**

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