

Material Name: Ethylene

* * *Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION* * *

GHS product identifier

Ethylene

Chemical name

ethylene

Other means of identification

Ethene; Ethene (ethylene); impure; ethylene, pure

Product use

Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym

Ethene; Ethene (ethylene); impure; ethylene, pure

Supplier's details

Electronic Fluorocarbons 3266 Bergey Road Hatfield PA 19440

Emergency telephone # Outside the US (call collect) 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500

* * *Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION* * *

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

substance or mixture

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable gas.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause frostbite.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General

Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.

Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Material Name: Ethylene

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

* * *Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS* * *

Substance/mixture Substance

Chemical name ethylene

Other means of identification Ethene; Ethene (ethylene); impure; ethylene, pure

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number :74-85-1 Product code 001022

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethylene	100	74-85-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

* * *Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES* * *

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas

when released, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

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Skin contact Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or

Frostbite Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion of liquid can

cause burns similar to frostbite.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite

Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, Inhalation

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid

to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

* * *Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES* * *

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent

explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location

or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile

or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

* * *Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE* * *

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

* * *Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION* * *

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
ethylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).	
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	

Material Name: Ethylene

Appropriate

engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

* * "Section - - D\ mg]WU"UbX"7\ Ya]WU"DfcdYf]h]Yg* * *

Appearance

Physical state Gas.

Color Colorless.

Molecular weight 28.06 g/mole

Molecular formula C2-H4

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Boiling/condensation point} & -103.77^{\circ}\text{C } (-154.8^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \textbf{Melting/freezing point} & -169.15^{\circ}\text{C } (-272.5^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \textbf{Critical temperature} & 9.95^{\circ}\text{C } (49.9^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \end{array}$

Odor Characteristic.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

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Material Name: Ethylene

Flash point Closed cup: -135.85°C (-212.5°F)

Burning time Not applicable. **Burning rate** Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing

materials.

Lower and upper explosive

Lower: 2.7% Upper: 36% (flammable) limits

@ 70°F (21.1°C) = Above critical temperature Vapor pressure

Liquid Density@BP: 35.3 lb/ft3 (566 kg/m3) 1 (Air = 1)Vapor density

Specific Volume (ft 3/lb) 13.8007 Gas Density (lb/ft 3) 0.07246 Relative density Not applicable. Solubility Not available. Solubility in water 0.131 g/l Partition coefficient: n-1.13

octanol/water

450°C (842°F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. **SADT** Not available. **Viscosity** Not applicable.

* * *Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY* * *

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

* * *Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION* * *

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Material Name: Ethylene

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Skin contact Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or

frostbite.

Ingestion Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion of liquid can

cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite **Ingestion** Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Material Name: Ethylene

Not available.

General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

* * *Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION* * *

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

* * *Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS* * *

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

* * *Section 14 - Transport Information* * *

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1962	UN1962	UN1962	UN1962	UN1962
UN proper shipping name	ETHYLENE	ETHYLENE	ETHYLENE	ETHYLENE	ETHYLENE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Special provisions T75, TP5	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	-		Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 0 Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: ethylene

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section

602 Class II Substances

Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals) Not listed

Material Name: Ethylene

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%		Sudden release of pressure	Reactive		Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethylene	100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylene	74-85-1	100
Supplier notification	ethylene	74-85-1	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

MassachusettsThis material is listed.New York NewThis material is not listed.JerseyThis material is listed.PennsylvaniaThis material is listed.

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia This material is listed or exempted.

Canada This material is listed or exempted.

China This material is listed or exempted.

Europe This material is listed or exempted.

Japan This material is listed or exempted.

Malaysia Not determined.

New ZealandThis material is listed or exempted.PhilippinesThis material is listed or exempted.Republic of KoreaThis material is listed or exempted.

Taiwan Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Material Name: Ethylene

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

* * *Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION* * *

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

NFPA Ratings

Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 2

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CN -China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT -Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL -Lower Explosive Limit; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RID - European Rail Transport; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US -**United States**

Other Information

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