

#### Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

### \* \* \*Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION\* \* \*

GHS product identifier	Cis-2-Butene
Chemical name	Cis-2-Butene
Other means of identification	(Z)-2-Butene; cis-Butene; cis-Butylene; cis-1,2-Dimethylethylene; cis-2-Butene; (Z)-2- C4H8; Dimethylethylene; (2Z)-2-Butene; 2-Butene, cis-; butene-2,cis
Product use	Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	(Z)-2-Butene; cis-Butene; cis-Butylene; cis-1,2-Dimethylethylene; cis-2-Butene; (Z)-2- C4H8; Dimethylethylene; (2Z)-2-Butene; 2-Butene, cis-; butene-2,cis
Supplier's details	Electronic Fluorocarbons 3266 Bergey Road Hatfield PA 19440
Emergency telephone # Outside the US (call collect)	1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500

## \* \* \*Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION\* \* \*

#### **OSHA/HCS** status

Classification of the substance or mixture

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

## GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Precautionary statements	
General	Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	Never Put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place.
Response	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## \* \* \*Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS\* \* \*

Substance/mixture	Substance
Chemical name	Cis-2-Butene
Other means of identification	(Z)-2-Butene; cis-Butene; cis-Butylene; cis-1,2-Dimethylethylene; cis-2-Butene; (Z)-2- C4H8; Dimethylethylene; (2Z)-2-Butene; 2-Butene, cis-; butene-2,cis

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	590-18-1		
Product code	001010		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
(Z)-but-2-ene		100	590-18-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## \* \* \*Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES\* \* \*

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Most important symptoms/ef	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effec	ts
Eye contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	toms
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.

Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## \* \* \*Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES\* \* \*

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	carbon monoxide Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# \*\*\*Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES\*\*\*

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

• • •	
For non-emergency personnel	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Immediately contact emergency personnel. tools and explosion-proof equipment.	Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof
Large spill	Immediately contact emergency personnel. tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: information and Section 13 for waste dispos	see Section 1 for emergency contact

# \* \* \*Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE\* \* \*

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

# \*\*\*Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION\*\*\*

### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
(Z)-but-2-ene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# \*\*'\*Section - - D\ mg]WU`UbX'7 \ Ya ]WU`DfcdYf]h]Yg\*\*\*

Appearance	
Physical state	Gas. [Compressed gas.]
Color	Colorless.
Molecular weight	56.11 g/mole
Molecular formula	C4-H8
Boiling/condensation point	3.7°C (38.7°F)
Melting/freezing point	-138.9°C (-218°F) 162.4°
Critical temperature	C (324.3°F)
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Lower: 1.5 Upper: 9%

Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

**	*Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY* * *
Viscosity	Not applicable.
SADT	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	325°C (617°F)
octanol/water	
Partition coefficient: n-	2.33
Solubility in water	Not available.
Solubility	Not available.
Relative density	Not applicable.
Density (lb/ft ³)	0.1502
Specific Volume (ft ³/lb) Gas	6.6577
Vapor density	1.9 (Air = 1)
Vapor pressure	13 (psig)

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatibility with various substances	Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# \* \* \*Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION\* \* \*

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

## Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity Not available.

Carcinogenicity Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	Not available.
routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## \* \* \*Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION\* \* \*

#### Toxicity

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
(Z)-but-2-ene	2.33	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition Not available. coefficient (Koc)

#### Other adverse effects

fects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### \* \* \*Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS\* \* \*

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

* * *Section 14 - Transport Information* * *					
	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1012	UN1012	UN1012	UN1012	UN1012
UN proper shipping name	Butylene	Butylene	Butylene	Butylene	Butylene
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-

#### Material Name: Cis-2-Butene

Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125	-	-	-
		ERAP Index 3000			
		Passenger Carrying <u>Ship Index</u> Forbidden			
		Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden			

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.

# \* \* \*Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION\* \* \*

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.					
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Cis-2-Butene : Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed					
SARA 302/304						
Composition/information on ingredients						
No products were found.						
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA</u> <u>311/312</u>	Not applicable.					
Classification	Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure					
Composition/information on ingredients						

Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard		
(Z)-but-2-ene		100	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.		
State regulations									
		ial is listed.							
New York New	This mater	This material is not listed.							
Jersey	This mater	naterial is listed.							
Pennsylvania	This mater	terial is listed.							
Canada inventory	This material is listed or exempted.								
International regulations									
International lists	China iı Japan i Korea iı Malaysi New Ze Philippi	nventory (IEC nventory: Th nventory: Th a Inventory ( aland Inventory) nes inventor	CSC): Thi is materia is materia (EHS Reg ory of Ch ry (PICCS	s material is li al is listed or e al is listed or e gister): Not de nemicals (NZ	xempted. etermined. l <b>oC)</b> : This mat al is listed or e	erial is listed or	exempted.		
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	Not listed								
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	Not listed								
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	Not listed								
Canada									
WHMIS (Canada)	Class B- CEPA To Canadia Canadia Alberta I Ontario	n ARET: This n NPRI: This Designated S Designated S	e gas. Inces: This s material material Substanc Substanc	is listed. es: This mate ces: This mate	ot listed. erial is not liste erial is not liste erial is not liste	ed.			

# \* \* \*Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION\* \* \*

**Canada Label requirements** :Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

#### **NFPA Ratings**

Health: 1 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

### Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA -Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG -International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RID - European Rail Transport; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL -Upper Explosive Limit; US - United States

#### **Other Information**

Electronic Fluorocarbons makes no express or implied warranties, guarantees or representations regarding the product or the information herein, including but not limited to any implied warranty or merchantability or fitness for use. Electronic Fluorocarbons shall not be liable for any personal injury, property or other damages of any nature, whether compensatory, consequential, exemplary, or otherwise, resulting from any publication, use or reliance upon the information herein.

Page 11 of 11